



The *HOW TAPPING WORKS* Infographic

One of the greatest barriers to the acceptance of psychotherapies that stimulate acupuncture points by tapping on them, such as EFT and TFT, has been a persistent question: How does tapping on the skin lead to psychological change?

For decades, practitioners have known that therapies and self-help approaches involving tapping on acupuncture points are unusually fast and effective, but articulating a clear, science-based explanation has been more challenging. Over the past two decades, researchers such as Dawson Church, Peta Stapleton, and David Feinstein have steadily advanced the evidence base through peer-reviewed studies. In November 2025, David published a landmark synthesis of this research, offering the most coherent and comprehensive scientific account to date of the physiological and psychological mechanisms underlying EFT and TFT.

Recognizing the importance of this work – and knowing that most practitioners don't have time to read lengthy academic papers – Nick Ortner used AI to translate the research into a beautifully designed, 10-page illustrated infographic. David then reviewed the entire piece, making numerous corrections and refinements to ensure scientific accuracy. It is perhaps the most engaging, accessible, and efficient way available to become conversant in the science behind tapping.

A Cutting-Edge Approach with Compelling Results Poses a **Scientific Question**: How Does It Work?



Energy Psychology, particularly **Emotional Freedom Techniques (EFT)**, has demonstrated strong outcomes in over 300 peer-reviewed clinical trials. The core procedure involves tapping on **acupuncture points (acupoints)** while evoking specific memories, emotions, or goals.

More than **300** peer-reviewed clinical trials show **statistically significant improvements**.

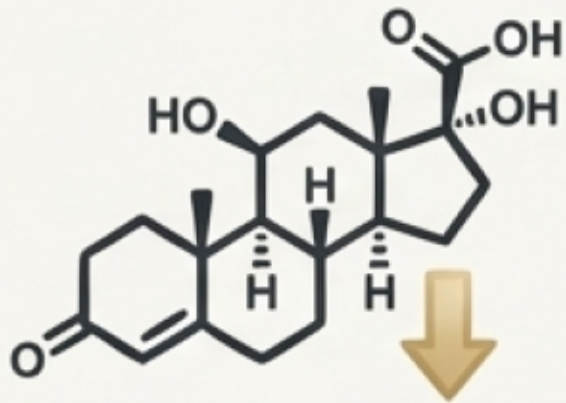


This unconventional method has faced **skepticism**, largely due to a lack of a clearly articulated, scientifically plausible mechanism of action. This presentation will unveil the **physiological journey**, step-by-step, from tapping on the skin to lasting **psychological change**.

BASED ON [How Tapping Works: Physiological and Psychological Mechanisms in Energy Psychology Treatments](#) by David Feinstein, Ph.D. (Frontiers in Psychology, Vol 16, November 2025).

The Effects Are Measurable – Tapping Creates Objective Biological Shifts.

Beyond subjective reports, acupoint tapping sessions consistently produce quantifiable changes in the body's physiology. These biological markers are not the primary mechanism, but rather the **objective evidence** of a clinical effect. They demonstrate that a real physiological process has been initiated.



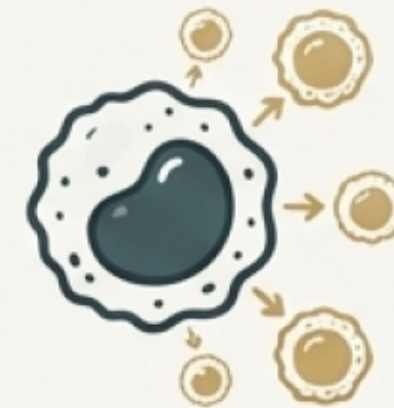
Stress Reduction:
Significant reduction of the stress hormone cortisol.



Cardiovascular Health:
Lowered blood pressure and improved heart rate variability.



Genetic Expression:
Favorable expression of genes influencing emotional regulation, neuroplasticity, and synaptic connectivity.



Immune Response:
Increased lymphocyte production.



Neurological Regulation:
Regulation of microRNA, such as that associated with anxiety and depression.

The Mechanism Unveiled: A Five-Step Journey from Physical Signal to Lasting Neurological Change.

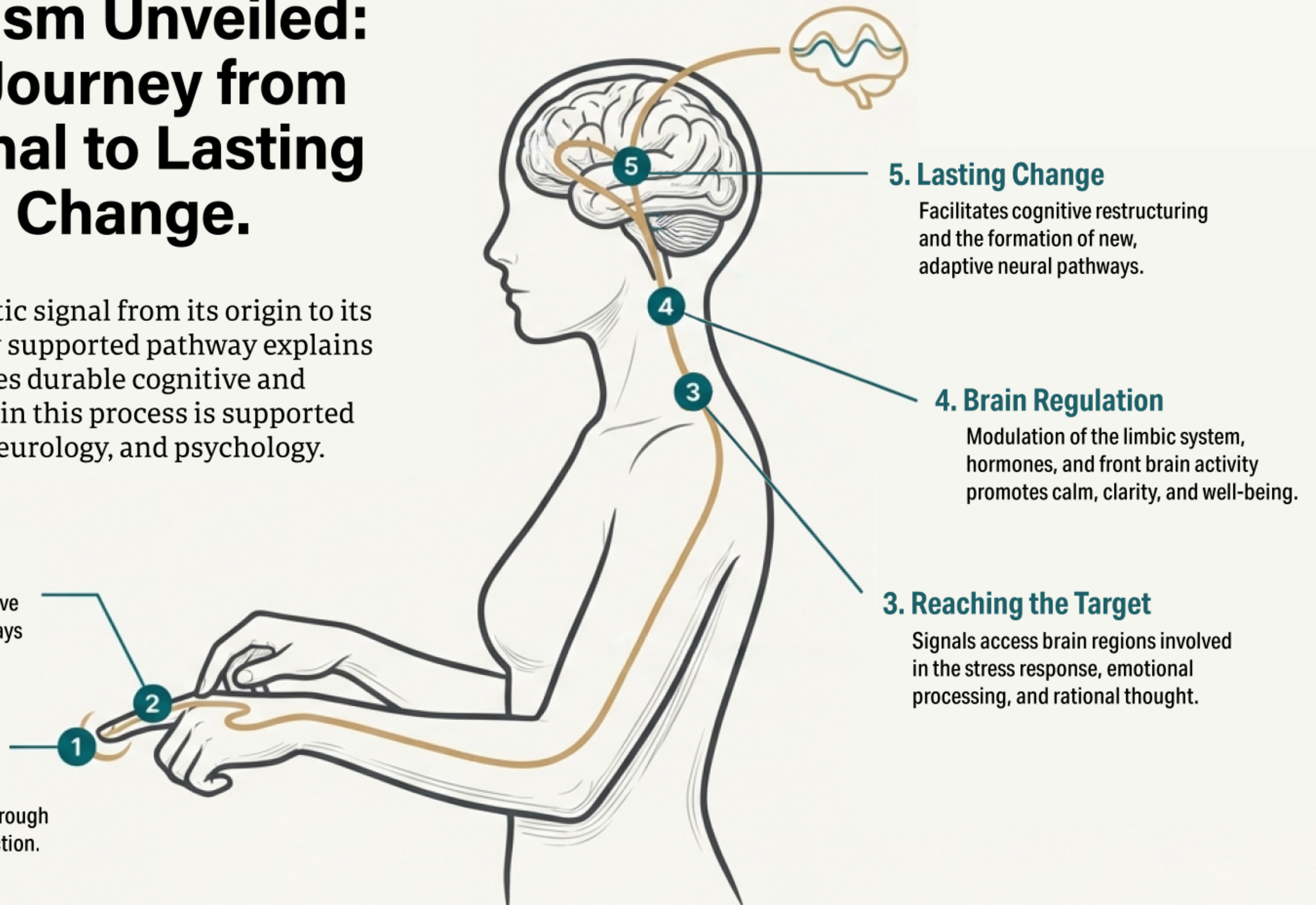
We will follow the therapeutic signal from its origin to its final effect. This empirically supported pathway explains how acupoint tapping creates durable cognitive and behavioral shifts. Each step in this process is supported by research in physiology, neurology, and psychology.

2. Signal Transmission

Signals travel along the connective tissue and specific neural pathways toward activated brain regions.

1. Signal Generation

Physical tapping creates electrochemical signals through mechanosensory transduction.



5. Lasting Change

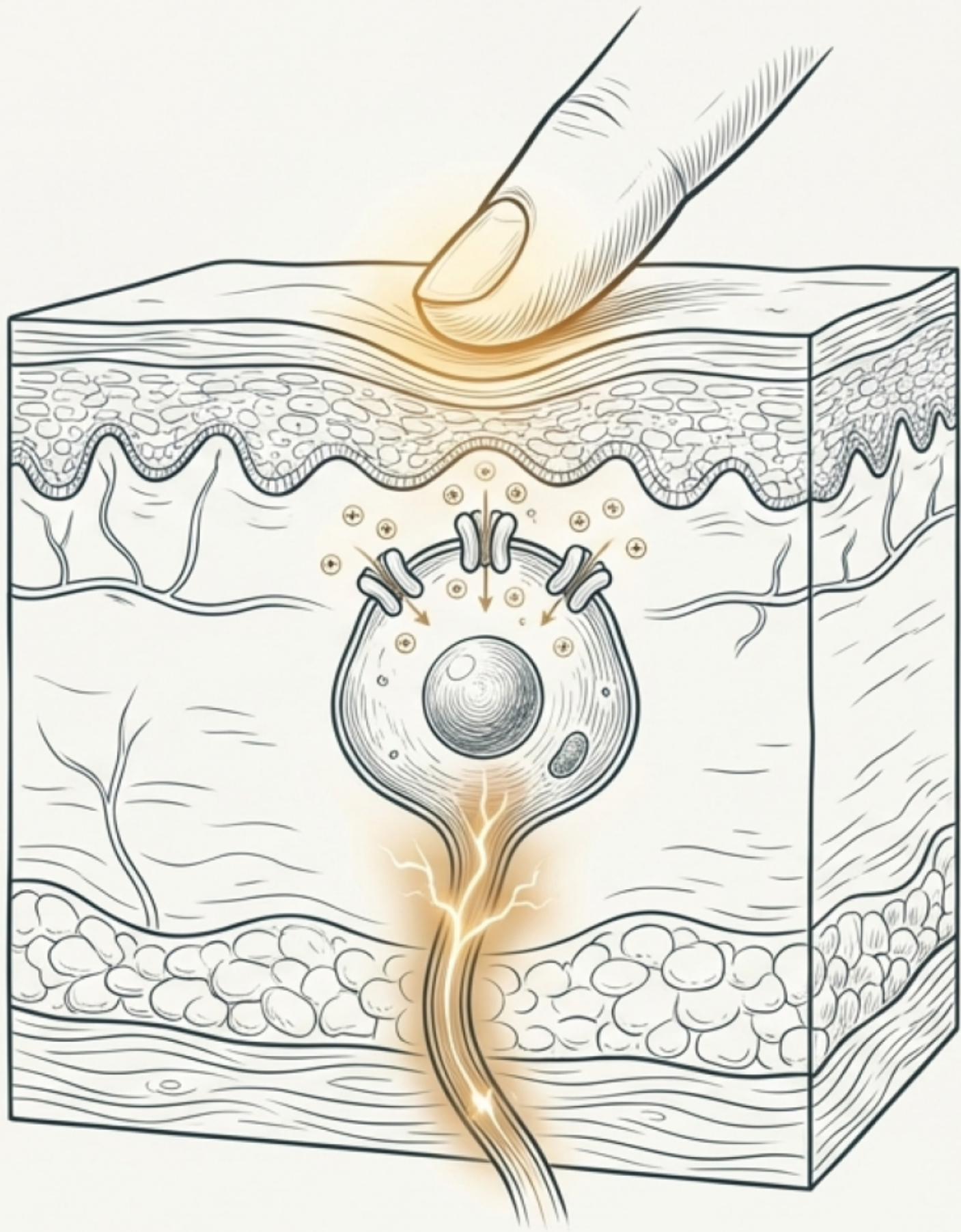
Facilitates cognitive restructuring and the formation of new, adaptive neural pathways.

4. Brain Regulation

Modulation of the limbic system, hormones, and front brain activity promotes calm, clarity, and well-being.

3. Reaching the Target

Signals access brain regions involved in the stress response, emotional processing, and rational thought.



Step 1: The Journey Begins When Physical Force Becomes an Electrical Signal

How does tapping create a signal? The process is called **mechanosensory transduction**, a fundamental biological mechanism. Acupoints have a higher density of mechanosensory cells and greater electrical conductivity than surrounding tissue. When tapped, specialized proteins in the cell membranes open, allowing ions to flow and converting the mechanical pressure into an electromagnetic signal.

Key Scientific Concepts

- **Acupoints:** Higher electrical conductivity and density of mechanosensory cells.
- **Mechanosensory Transduction:** The established biological process of converting mechanical force into an electrical signal. This is the same mechanism used in hearing, touch, and balance.

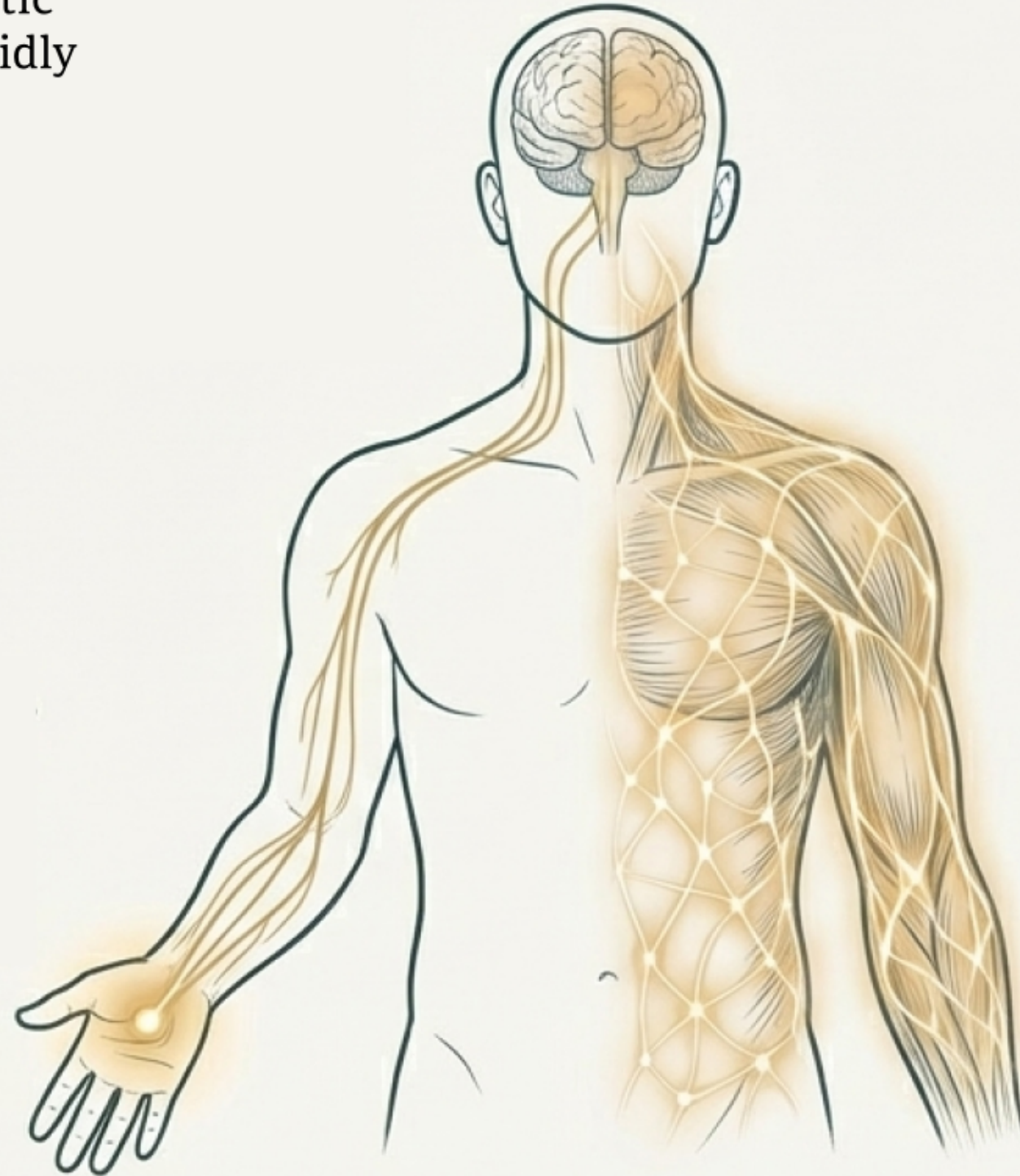
Step 2: The Signal Travels to the Brain Through Two Distinct Biological Pathways

Once generated, the electromagnetic signal is not lost; it propagates rapidly to the brain via well-documented physiological systems.



Pathway 1: The Nervous System.

The signal is carried by **afferent nerves**, the standard communication network that sends sensory information from the body to the brain.



Pathway 2: Connective Tissue.

Research suggests a potentially faster signaling mechanism through the body's connective tissue, whose collagen transmits electrical signals. Collagen fibers surround acupoints and are primary receptors of mechanical force during acupoint stimulation.

Steps 3 & 4: The Signal Intervenes, Impacting the Exact Brain Regions Activated During the Tapping

While tapping, the client focuses on a specific memory, image, or thought, which activates relevant neural circuits (e.g., the amygdala-hippocampus-prefrontal cortex circuit for fear). Brain imaging studies confirm that the signals generated by tapping travel to these *same aroused regions*. Once there, the signals modulate their activity—downregulating hyperaroused areas and upregulating underactive ones, promoting neurological balance.

Distressing Thought Activated



During Acupoint Tapping



Signal Pathway



fMRI (Pain): Decreased connectivity between the medial prefrontal cortex and thalamus, corresponding to reported pain reduction (Stapleton et al., 2022).



fMRI (Cravings): Reduced blood flow to the superior temporal gyrus (cognition) and lateral orbito-frontal cortex (reward) when viewing food images, corresponding to decreased cravings (Stapleton et al., 2019).



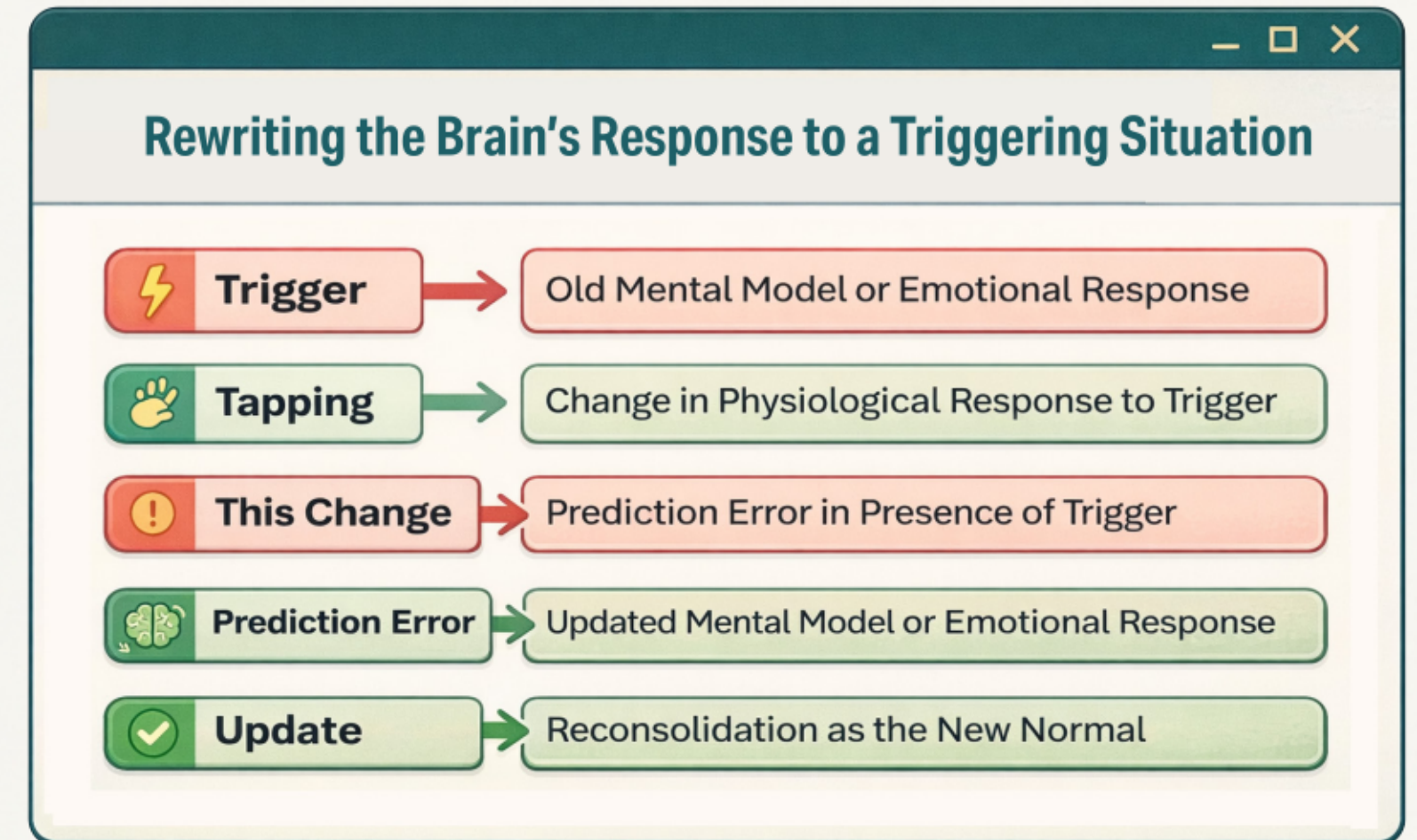
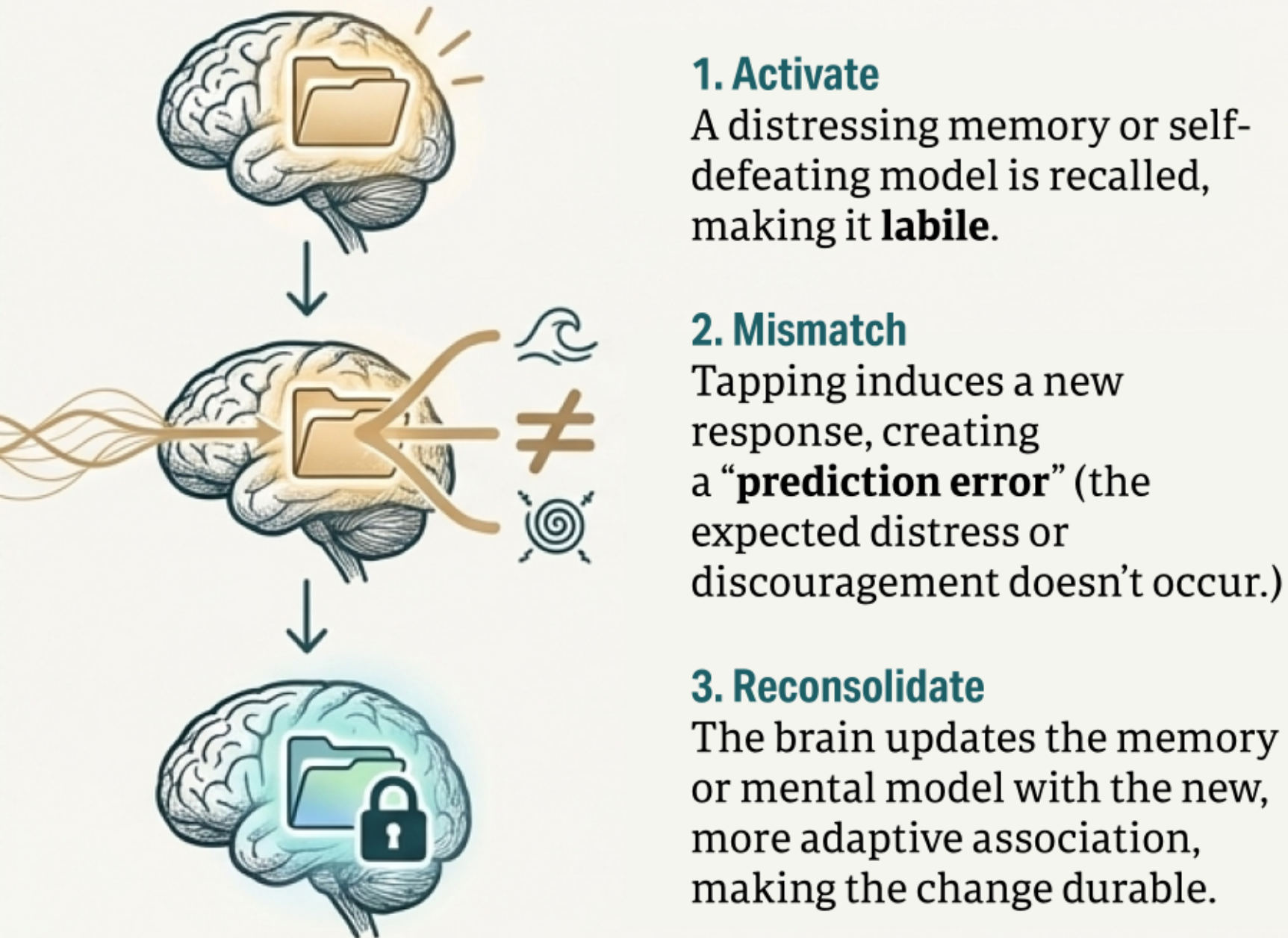
fMRI (Fear/Disgust): Selective modulation in the middle temporal gyrus and posterior middle cingulate cortex, corresponding to diminished intensity of reactions to disturbing images (Wittfoth et al., 2020).



MEG (Phobia): Neural downregulation of the threat response and activation of frontal executive regions (Di Rienzo et al., 2020).

Step 5: The Change is Made Permanent Through Neural Reconsolidation

Feeling calm or confident while tapping is at first only temporary. Lasting change requires updating the brain's original emotional learning. This happens via **neural reconsolidation**. When a memory or mental model is activated, it becomes temporarily "labile" or changeable. Tapping introduces a new contradictory experience—calmness where anxiety was expected, confidence where doubt was expected, etc. This mismatch creates a "**prediction error**" that forces the brain to update the memory or model. The newly updated state is then "reconsolidated" as the new normal.



Tapping Makes Exposure Therapy Faster, More Effective, and More Durable

Critics often attribute energy psychology's success to its use of imaginal exposure. However, the evidence shows tapping accelerates the therapeutic use of exposure and makes improvements more durable. **Conventional exposure relies on slow habituation**, suppressing the old response. Tapping sends calming or stimulating signals to pertinent brain areas with each repetition, accelerating the process. This leads to **depotentialiation**-eradicating the old fear association at the neurological level, rather than just suppressing it, making recurrence less likely.

Conventional Exposure



Suppresses rather than replaces old association while creating the new one. Vulnerable to recurrence.

Exposure with Tapping



Eliminates ("depotentialiates") the original fear association. More durable outcomes.

Supporting Studies

- **Speed:** TFT achieved results for agoraphobia in 5 sessions vs. 12 for CBT (Irgens et al., 2017).
- **Durability:** In studies on depression/anxiety, CBT outcomes were not retained on follow-up, while EFT outcomes were retained and even improved (Chatwin et al., 2016; Stapleton et al., 2016).

Advancing the Science: Limitations and the Path Forward for Research

While this seven-premise model provides a plausible framework, it is not definitive. In fact, the mechanisms of most effective psychotherapies, including CBT, are not yet fully understood. Understanding will evolve with further research.

Current Limitations



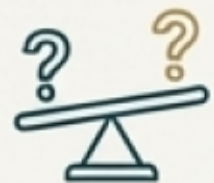
Small sample sizes in some imaging studies.



Early studies were conducted by proponents of the method.



Most research has focused on clinical efficacy rather than mechanisms.



Difficulty isolating specific effects from non-tapping components of EP such as psychological exposure, cognitive restructuring, and therapeutic alliance.

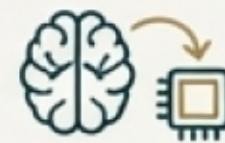
Future Research Directions



Directly measure and track the electromagnetic signals generated by tapping.



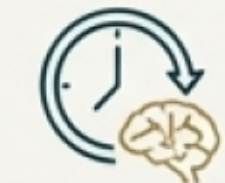
Use real-time brain imaging during treatment sessions as it becomes more available.



Examine the precise interaction between tapping and memory reconsolidation.

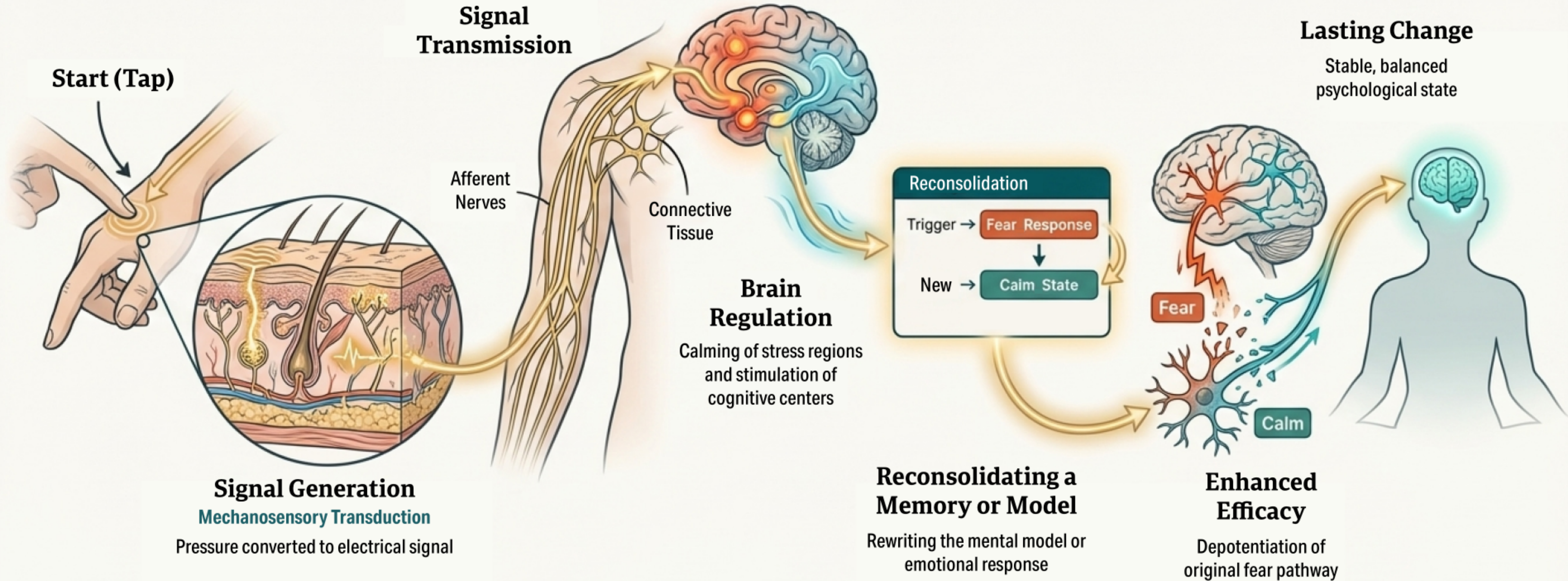


Explore the differential effects of the specific acupoints used in energy psychology protocols.



Conduct longitudinal studies on long-term neuroplastic changes.

The Complete Pathway: From Tapping to Transformed Memory



Aligning an Unconventional Method with Modern Neuroscience

The claim that tapping on the skin can heal trauma is no longer relegated to “subtle energies” or unverifiable constructs. The physiological mechanisms — from mechanosensory transduction to signal propagation, brain modulation, and memory reconsolidation — provide an evidence-based explanation for the rapid and durable outcomes observed in clinical practice. This emerging understanding bridges the gap between efficacy and explanation, paving the way for greater integration of Energy Psychology into mainstream mental health care.